



**COMPILATION OF GRADUATE THESES ABSTRACTS
MASTER IN PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION
2000-2015**

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| SUBJECT | THESES NO. | AUTHOR/S | TITLE | ABSTRACT |
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| COMMUNICATION CLIMATE; MUNICIPALITY-- BASIC SERVICES | MPA / TH 47/ 2010 | Rabanal, Luis Rey | Communication Climate and the Effectiveness of the Delivery of Basic Services in the Municipality of Mataas na Kahoy | <p>The focal point of the study is on the existing perception of the Communication climate in terms of downward communication, upward communication and lateral communication and the effectiveness in the delivery of basic service in the municipality of Mataas na Kahoy. The researcher chose Mataas na Kahoy because it will greatly affect him as private citizen in the municipality. The research study endeavors to determine the communication climate and the effectiveness of the delivery of basic services in the administrators/department heads and rank and file employees. The communication climate in terms of downward, upward and lateral communication exists in the Municipality of Mataas na Kahoy. The rank and file employees have a higher level of understanding of the communication climate existing in Mataas na Kahoy compared with their administrators. The municipality of Mataas na Kahoy is effective in the delivery of basic services to its constituents. The effectiveness of the delivery of basic services is influenced by the quality of communication climate in the municipality of Mataas na Kahoy. Based on the findings of the study, a program to enhance the quality of communication climate in Mataas na Kahoy is hereby proposed.</p> |
| DRUG TEST-- POLICY | MPA / TH 27/ 2005 | Cultura, Psi Anacleta Laisa | The Implementation of Drug Test Policy Among PNP Personnel | <p>Drug Test, as a tool in detecting the presence of dangerous drugs in human body was made to implement the prevention and control of illegal drugs. In the Philippines, it was ensured that those entrusted to protect and safeguard the security of people are free from drug abuse; thus PNP personnel has to undergo drug testing. It was through this policy that the government could achieve a peaceful and secured community. This study aimed to investigate the perception of the Philippine National Police Personnel in the three cities of Batangas Province on the implementation of drug test policy among themselves. The descriptive-correlational design was used to describe the selected profile variable of the respondents, and their perceptions on the implementation of drug test policy. It is correlational because the study tested the significant relationship between the profile variables of the PNP and their perceptions on the implementation of drug test policy.</p> |

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| FISHERIES QUARANTINE SERVICE | MPA / TH 23/ 2000 | Boncodin, Salvador C. | Status and Prospects for Development of Fisheries Quarantine Service in Batangas | This study determined the status of the Fisheries Quarantine Service based in Batangas Province with the ultimate aim of carving out a development program for the said government service. Specifically, it determined the profile of the service with respect to : legal background, organization and management; and services rendered; the problems encountered in its operations as perceived by the personnel and fish brokers; tested the significant differences between the personnel and fish broker's responses on the problems presented and proposed a Five year Plan. and necessary. In terms of organizational structure, this bureau consists of 11 divisions notably Administrative assessed these problems as serious while the clientele group did not consider these problems as such. There exist significant differences in the assessment of FQS personnel and the clientele in relation to the problem encountered at Fish Quarantine Service. |
| FOOD SECURITY PROGRAM | MPA / TH 26/ 2005 | Arago, Elizabeth D. | The National Food Security Program as Implemented in the Province of Batangas | This study determined the national food security program as implemented in th Province of Batangas as to its level of implementation, program as implementation, problems encountered in the implementation and impact in the lives of the beneficiaries. It covered in the three program components particularly rice in crops production, swine in livestock production and tilapia in fisheries production. Assessment on the implementation was based and limited to the action plan and work programs formulated by said offices. The study covered the program implementation for the year 2004. The provicial government of Batangas through the provincial Agriculture and Veterinary Offices was serious in its implementation of food security program in the province. The program implementation was assessed positively by the program beneficiaries. The rice farmers and Agriculture technical personnel perceived differently the extent of implementation of Rice Development Program in the province as well as the fisherfolks and Fishery technical personnel as far as the implementation of the Fishery Development program is concerned. However, the perception of the swine raisers and Veterinary technical personnel on the level of implementation of Swine Development Program in the province was the same. Major problems encountered by the respondents concern financial aspects which include capital, high cost of inputs and irrigation for the rice farmers. |

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| <p>GOVERNMENT SECURITIES</p> | <p>MPA / TH 24/ 2000</p> | <p>Monroyo, Lani M.</p> | <p>Acceptability of Government Securities in Sselected Municipalities of Batangas</p> | <p>The study assessed the acceptance of government securities by the public and the private sectors in the selected town of Batangas Provine. The study determined how viable government securities are in terms of its target market, the securities offered, and settlement banks chosen by the investors. It determined the status of participation in the purchase of government securities by the public and private sectors do not differ significantly in their assessment of the acceptance of government securities. The study is deemed important to the government, in particular to the Bureau of Treasury as it is the main agency concerned with the issuance of government securities, using a researchers- constructed questionnaire. Frequency, percentage, weighted mean and t-test were used to analyze and interpret the data gathered in the study. Inspite of the short period of time that the securities have been launched, it appears that there are great number of investors who got attracted to it. If marketing of this type of service could be enhanced, the level of viability will possibly increase. Government securities are acceptable to the public and private sectors. The private sector service perceived the government security to be more acceptable than the public sectors do. They differed in their degree of agreement on all features of government securities except on the usefulness of interest derived from these securities.</p> |
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| HEARTS PROGRAM ; LOCAL GOVERNANCE | MPA / TH 32/ 2015 | Mundala, Cheryl M. | Effectiveness of the HEARTS Program Implementation in the Municipality of Mataas na Kahoy | <p>The study generally proposed an enhancement to the HEARTS Program implemented by the provincial government of Batangas. More specifically, it described the profile of the respondents; assessed the effectiveness of the HEARTS program implemented by the Municipality of Mataas na Kahoy, Batangas; identified the problems encountered in the implementation of the HEARTS programs in the Municipality of Mataas na Kahoy. The study utilized the descriptive method of research to know the effectiveness of the HEARTS Program. Respondents of the study were 160 households of Mataasna kahoy, Batangas out of 6,155 total households with a population of 29, 487. They were selected using 10% margin of error and 99% of confidence level. The study made use of a researcher made questionnaire patterned from the records available at the Provincial Capitol. The research started at the time the researchers constructed a title together with its objectives and rationale. Municipal officers and employees of the Municipality of Mataas na Kahoy who have direct knowledge on the implementation of the HEARTS program were interviewed. Local residents aged at least 16 have been part of respondents. About 160 questionnaires from local households were collected. Total population was presented to the statistician to render computation of the total respondents and gave the formula using the statistical tools. The data gathered was tallied and interpreted using descriptive statics. Frequency, Percentage, and Weighted mean were used to assess the effectiveness as well as the problems encountered. All data was computed using PASW version to further analyze the results.</p> |
| HEARTS Program, Tanauan City, Batangas Province | MPA / TH 44/ 2015 | Trinidad, Herman G. | HEARTS Program Implementation in Tanauan City Cluster 1: Its Effectiveness, Impact and Problems | <p>The study aimed to assess the impacts of the HEARTS Program of Governor Vilma Santos-Recto in the province of Batangas particularly in Tanauan City-Cluster 1. Descriptive type of research was utilized in the study. Results revealed that the majority of the respondents are female, 41 years old and above who belong to a family with five members and above. The HEARTS Program and services implementattion was found to be effective and with great impact on the lives of people in Tanauan City. There were problems sometimes being encountered in the environment and natural resources, agriculture and aquaculture program and education which obtained the top 3 highest scores. There was a significant difference on the problems encountered in the implementation of the HEARTS Programs when grouped according to age and place of origin. An intervention plan may be implemented to enhance and strengthen the HEARTS Program in the Cluster 1 of Tanauan City.</p> |

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| HEARTS PROGRAM; LOCAL GOVERNANCE | MPA / TH 34/ 2015 | Malabanan, Louise M. | Impact and Problems of the H.E.A.R.T.S Program in the Municipality of Talisay, Batangas | The study assessed the H.E.A.R.T.S. Program implemented by the municipal government of Talisay, Batangas. More specifically: described the profile of the respondents; determined the impact of the HEARTS programs implemented by the municipal government of Talisay; identified the problems encountered in the implementation of the programs; tested if there is a significant difference in the responses on impact and problems encountered when grouped according to profile variables; and recommended an action plan to enhance the implementation of the HEARTS program of the Batangas Provincial Government. The study established that majority of the respondents were 41 years old and above. female, and belonging to a family with 5 and above members; the overall impact of HEARTS program implemented in municipality of Talisay was felt with great extent; the respondents stated that the HEARTS Program in the municipality of Talisay often encountered problems especially in terms of Agriculture; and there was no difference on the responses in the impact and problems encountered in HEARTS Programs when grouped according to profile variables. Further, the results affirm that the top three problems encountered in the HEARTS program are Agriculture, Education and Roads; while, the programs with least problems encountered were in terms of Tourism, Security, and Health. A proposed plan of action was crafted to enhance the implementation of the HEARTS program in Talisay, Batangas. |
| HEARTS PROGRAM; LOCAL GOVERNANCE | MPA / TH 35/ 2015 | Baral, Ma. Carlota S. | Implementation of the H.E.A.R.T.S. Program: Its Impact to the Municipality of Calatagan, Batangas | The study assessed the HEARTS Program implemented by the Provincial Government of Batangas in the Municipality of Calatagan. More specifically it described the profile of the respondents; assessed the effectiveness of the HEARTS program; determined the impact of the program implemented by the provincial government; identified the problems encountered in the implementation; tested the significant difference in the effectiveness. impact and problems encountered in the implementation of the programs and proposed an action plan to enhance the implementation of the programs and proposed an action plan to enhance the implementation of the HEARTS programs in the Municipality of Calatagan, Batangas. The study utilized the descriptive method of research and assessed the effectiveness and impact of the HEARTS Program in the . Findings revealed that majority of the respondents belong to the 39-48 year old age bracket, female, married, high school graduates, with a monthly income of Php 1,000-10,000. The HEARTS program in the Municipality of Calatagan was effective, the impact of the HEARTS program in the first cluster of Calatagan was of great extent. Problems were sometimes encountered in the implementation of the HEARTS program in the Municipality of Calatagan, and lastly, a proposed plan of action was recommended to enhance the implementation of the HEARTS program in the Municipality of Calatagan. |

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| HEARTS PROGRAM; LOCAL GOVERNANCE | MPA / TH 36/ 2015 | Arellano, Maria Zoraida D. | Effectiveness and Impact of HEARTS program to the Municipality of Rosario, Batangas | <p>Every political leader always aims to have a successful administration and leave a legacy at the end of their term. The provincial government of Batangas thru the leadership of Hon. Governor Vilma Santos Recto is on its eight year in implementing the flagship program of this administration, the HEARTS program and through this research, the effectiveness and impact of the program can be measured. Problems encountered while in the course of implementation can also be identified of which in the course of implementation can also be identified of which can be used as reference for the improvement of the related projects for the coming years. Implementing projects in different local government units are not that easy and many aspects have to be considered like political will and good governance. Likewise, governance is not just about leading people, it is identifying the needs and wants of the constituency through regular consultation and interactions and people participation.</p> |
| HEARTS PROGRAM; LOCAL GOVERNANCE | MPA / TH 37/ 2015 | Reyes, Joan M. | Effectiveness of the Implementation of HEARTS Program in the Municipality of Ibaan | <p>The study proposed an enhancement to the HEARTS Program implemented by the provincial government of Batangas. Specifically, it describe the profile of the respondents; asseses the effectiveness of the HEARTS Program implemented by the Municipality of Ibaan, Batangas; identified the problems encountered in the implementation of the programs; tested if there was significant difference in the effectiveness and problems encountered when grouped according to profile variables; and proposed programs, projects and activities to enhance the implementation of the HEARTS Program in the municipality of Ibaan, Batangas. The study used the descriptive method of research to know the effectiveness and determine the impact of the HEARTS Program utilizing 163 households of Ibaan, Batangas. The researcher concluded that majority of the respondents were 41 years old and above, female, married. having a family member of 5 and above; the top three effective programs under HEARTS in the municipality of Ibaan are Social Services, Education and Health while the Environment and Natural Resources Management Program was less effective; Agriculture and Tourism were sometimes the problem encountered by the respondents, however there never experienced problem in security; no significant difference exists between the effectiveness of the HEARTS Program when grouped according to profile variables; however, age and number of family members show significant difference on the problems encountered in the implementation of the HEARTS Program and strategies to enhance the implementation of the HEARTS Program in the municipality of Ibaan, Batangas was proposed.</p> |

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| HEARTS PROGRAM; LOCAL GOVERNANCE | MPA / TH 38/ 2015 | Castillo, Joseph M. | Effectiveness and Impact of the HEARTS Program Implemented by the Provincial Government in Cluster 2 of Tanauan City | The researcher identified and proposed an enhancement of the effectiveness and impact of the HEARTS Program implemented by the provincial Government in Cluster 2 of Tanauan City. Descriptive type of research method was utilized in the study. Results revealed that majority of the respondents were female who belong to 41 years old and above from family members 5 and above. There was a very effective expanded program on Immunization and School Building Projects in HEARTS Program and services while health obtained the highest score in effectiveness and agriculture, and aquaculture obtained the least. Awarding of Phil Health Card to deserving indigent families was considered had the great impact from the HEARTS Program. Education, roads, and implementation of the HEARTS Programs and services while tourism obtained the least. There was no significant difference in the impact of HEARTS Program and services when grouped according to profile variables, except the place of origin. An action plan was proposed strengthen the implementation of HEARTS Program in Tanauan City, Batangas. |
| HEARTS PROGRAM; LOCAL GOVERNANCE | MPA / TH 39/ 2015 | Cabello, Rosana | The Effectiveness and Impact of the HEARTS Program in Sto. Tomas, Batangas: Basis for Enhance Program Implementation | The study proposed an enhancement to the HEARTS Program implemented by the municipal government of Sto. Tomas, Batangas. More specifically, this study discussed the profile of the respondents; assessed the effectiveness and determine the impact of the HEARTS Program implemented by the provincial Government; tested if there was a significant difference in the effectiveness, impact and problems encountered when grouped according to profile variables; proposed action plan to enhance the implementation of the HEARTS in the Municipality of Sto. Tomas, Batangas. The study concluded that majority of the respondents are in the 41 and above age bracket, female, married, with 1,000-10,000 family members. HEARTS Programs and services in the municipality of Sto. Tomas were effective. HEARTS Programs and services have a Great Extent impact in the municipality of Sto. Tomas. Problems were generally encountered in the implementation of the HEARTS Programs and services. A highly significant difference existed in the effectiveness of the HEARTS Programs and services when profile was grouped according to age. With regards to impact, a highly significant difference exists when profile is grouped according to age, and significant difference existed when profile was grouped according to gender. However, no significant difference in the problems encountered in the implementation of the HEARTS Programs and services when grouped according to profile variable. A plan of action was proposed to enhance the implementation of the HEARTS Programs and services in the Municipality of Sto. Tomas. |

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| HEARTS PROGRAM; LOCAL GOVERNANCE | MPA / TH 40/ 2015 | Gutierrez, Grande P. | Effectiveness of the HEARTS Program in the Municipality of Taysan, Batangas | The study aimed to propose an enhancement to the HEARTS Program implemented in the Municipality of Taysan, Batangas. More specifically, it sought to: described the profile of the respondents, assess the effectiveness and determine the impact of the HEARTS Programs implemented by the provincial government, identify the problems encountered in the implementation of the programs encountered when respondents were grouped according to profile variables; propose a plan of action to enhance the implementation of the HEARTS Programs of Taysan, Batangas. |
| HEARTS PROGRAM; LOCAL GOVERNANCE | MPA / TH 41 2015 | Fronda, Emmanuel Salvador O. | Implementation of the H.E.A.R.T.S Program its Impact to the Municipality of Balayan, Batangas | The study determined the impact of Hearts Program implemented in the Municipality of Balayan. It discribed the profile of the respondents, assessed the effectiveness of the Hearts Program, determined the impact of the program mplemented by the provincial government, identified the problems encountered in the implementation, tested the significant difference in the effectiveness, impact and problems encountered in the implementation of the Hearts program of the Batangas Provincial Government. Findings revealed that majority of the respondents were 49-58 year old age bracket, female, married, college graduates, and with a monthly income of Php 1,000-10,000. The Hearts program in the municipality of Balayan was implemented effectively. The impact of the HEARTS Program in the first cluster of Balayan is of great extent. Problems were sometimes encountered int he implementation of the HEARTS Program in the municipality of Balayan. Responses of the respondents vary in effectiveness and impact, however no significant differences exist in the problems encountered, and a plan of action to enhance the implementation of the HEARTS Program in the Municipality of Balayan was proposed. |

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| HEARTS PROGRAM; LOCAL GOVERNANCE | MPA / TH 42/ 2015 | Esperon, Cristeta C. | HEARTS Program of the provincial Government of Batangas: Its Impact to the Municipality of Balayan, Batangas | <p>The researcher assessed the impact of Hearts Program implemented by the Provincial Government of Batangas. More specifically it described the profile of the respondents; assessed the effectiveness of the HEARTS Program implemented by the Provincial Government; identified the problems encountered in the implementation of the programs; tested the significant differences in the effectiveness, impact and problems encountered when when grouped according to profile variables and; proposed plan of action to enhance the implementation of the HEARTS Programs of the Batangas Provincial Government. The study utilized the descriptive method. The study concluded that majority of the respondents were in the 26-30 bracket, female, single, college graduate with a monthly income of Php. 1,000.00-10,000. The implementation of the HEARTS Program in the Municipality of Balayan id effective. Problems were sometimes encountered in the implementation of the HEARTS Program in the Municipality of Balayan. There was a significant difference in the effectiveness, impact and problems encountered when respondents were grouped according to profile variables. A plan of action was proposed to enhance the implementation of HEARTS Program in Balayan. It was recommended that the provincial that the provincial government may monitor the management & activities of Don Manuel Lopes Memorial Distriict Hospital. The provincial and municipal government may enforce strict implementation of organic farming to achieve the goals of agriculture program. The municipal government of Balayan may augment fund allocation with regards to the implementation of the educational programs. The proposed action plan to enhance the HEARTS Program may be evaluated and implemented.</p> |
| JOB PERFORMANCE; JOB SATISFACTION; BUREAU OF CUSTOMS | MPA / TH 25/ 2001 | Ditan, Arnold Namuco | Job Performance and Job Satisfaction of the Employees of the Bureau of Customs, Port of Batangas (Collection District IV) | <p>The study measured the level of job performance and job satisfaction of the employees of the Bureau of Customs, Port of Batangas (Collection District IV)which utilized the descriptive method of research. The respondents of the study were one hundred nine employees of the Bureau of Customs presently working at the time of investigation which constitute one hundred percent of the total respondents. The research was conducted during the last semester of 2000-2001. Based on the findings, the researchers concluded that: most customs employees were male since their work is in the field; both supervisors and non-supervisors were outstanding in their performance especially on the ability to observe regular and punctual attendance; both were satisfied with their work; lengths of service and salary range have caused variance in their job performance. Educational qualifications, age, position and length of service affected to their level of job satisfaction. There was a significant relationship between the repondents' level of job performance and job satisfaction.</p> |

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| LAND UTILIZATION | MPA / TH 33/ 2015 | Briones, Kathleen C. | Utilization of Idle Lands in the East and West District in the City of Lipa: Basis for Policy Formulation | This study determined the utilization of idle lands in Lipa City. The primary data used by the researcher were obtained through series of interviews conducted by Barangay Officials/folks and land owners within the East and West District to identify the idle lands in the City of Lipa in terms of land area, type of soil, elevation and land classification; and determine its suitability with regards to agriculture, animal raising, agro-industrial, agro-tourism, agro-energy and agro forestry. It also included a dialog with City Agriculture, City Cooperative and City Assessor's Office to identify the reasons for non-utilization of idle lands. The study employed the retrospective research method to provide the details on the utilization of idle lands in the city and quantitative descriptive design to determine the variable status by creating numerical descriptions of the frequency with which one of the variables occurs. From the data gathered, the researcher noticed that there was a vast area of privately owned lands that are remained idle and most of it is suitable for farming and agricultural activities. Consequently, there is a large percentage of unemployed rates that indicates huge prospective workforce. In the interview, the researcher gathered the reasons for non-utilization of idle lands in the City of Lipa which are the lack of capitalism, the high cost of farm inputs and lack of farmers. The results explained that, Lipa City having a vast area of idle lands that are suitable for agricultural farming there is a need for the optimum utilization of idle lands in the city within a high prospective workforce. |
| MARITIME INDUSTRY AUTHORITY | MPA / TH 22/ 2000 | Dimaano, Julito Feliciano | An Assessment of the Performance of the Batangas Maritime Regional Franchising Office of the MARINA | The Maritime Industry Authority was borne out of the issuance of Presidential Decree 474 on 01 June 1974, also known as the Maritime Industry Decree of 1974. It was mandated to implement and pursue the government's declared national policy and objectives geared towards the comprehensive and intergrated development of the country's maritime industry. From its implementation in 1974 to present, it has evolved from the agency which promotes, and develops the maritime industry to an agency which has functions, determination of manning levels, issuance of certificate of competency to seamen, issuance of continuous discharge for Filipino Seaman, accreditaion of marine surveying companies, and licensing of seamen and harbor and bay river pilots to name a few. From the 1995 Domestic Operating Fleet Inventory undertaken by the MARINA, there were 5,020 merchant vessels documented to be operating for that year based on certificates issued. From the profile of the inventoried fleet, there was a performance of general cargo vessels in terms of number, 42.7% which were indicative of the cargo being transported by break bulk mode in the country's domestic trade. There is also significant build up of passenger ferry vessels which note that there was also a growing number of companies which are a joint venture between Filipino enterprises and foreign investors mostly from Japan and Southeast Asian. |

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| PERFORMANCE EVALUATION | MPA / TH 29/ 2006 | Casas, Patti Margaret P. | Acceptability of the Agency Performance Evaluation System to the Batangas Provincial Government Employees | This study determined the acceptability of AGENCY performance Evaluation System of Batangas Provincial government employees. Respondents covered a total of 297 employees for the period of 2006. The study made use of descriptive approach of research and utilized questionnaire as its principal instrument. Statistical tools employed were frequency and percentage, weighted mean, independent T-test, One-Way Analysis of Variance, Scheffe's Test and Pearson-r. |
| POLICE-- COMMUNITY RELATIONS | MPA / TH 30/ 2008 | Holgado, Sheree Ann Smile R. | The Implementation of Police Community Relations Program in Lucena City | The study aimed to look into the current perception of the public on the Police Community Relations Plan of Lucena City Police Station. More specifically, the study sought answers to the following questions. The profile of the respondents in terms of: age, sex, educational attainment; and type of the barangay (residence). The extent of implementation of Police community Relations program in Lucena City in terms of: SAMBAYAN projects/ activities and SANTINIG projects/ activities. The respondents differ in their age, sex, educational attainment and type of barangays they are residing. The Community Relations Programs in Lucena City do not encounter problems in the implementation of PCR programs. This is supported by the data on the extent of implementation of Police Community Relations Section are implemented and the police officers of Lucena City Police Station do their jobs well in the community they are serving. The public perceptions do not differ in terms of their perceived implementation of the Police Community Relations program in Lucena City. This study utilized the descriptive correlational method. The researcher used descriptive and correlational method because she identified the relationship between the profile of the respondents and the perceived level of implementation. |

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| <p>SENIOR CITIZEN ACT OF 2012; REPUBLIC ACT 9994</p> | <p>MPA / TH 45/ 2015</p> | <p>Abiad, Rita</p> | <p>Program Interventions on the Implementation of Section 4, RA 9994 Otherwise Known as Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010 in the Municipality of Balayan, Batangas</p> | <p>The study proposed an enhancement in the implementations of Sec. 4 of RA 9994 otherwise known of the Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010 in the Municipality of Balayan, Batangas. More specifically, it described the profile of the respondents, determined the level of awareness of the respondents of all the privileges under Section 4, of RA 9995 otherwise known as the Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010, identified other benefits provided to the Senior Citizen in Balayan, Batangas which were not included in the law, assessed the implementation of Section 4 of the Expanded Senior Citizen Act (RA 9994) in the above mentioned municipality, identified the problems encountered in the implementation of the Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010, tested the difference in the implementation and problems encountered when respondents were grouped according to profile variables and proposed an action plan to enhance the implementation of Section 4 of RA 9994 in the municipality of Balayan, Batangas. The study tested the hypothesis that there is no significant difference in the implementation and problems encountered when grouped according to profile variables. Findings revealed that majority of the respondents are female, married, elementary graduates and unemployed. Senior Citizens in the Municipality of Balayan were aware of their privileges as stipulated in the law. They never availed of other benefits not included in Section 4 of RA 9994. The senior citizens in Balayan, Batangas, sometimes encountered problems on physical fitness and lack of information regarding RA 9994. There is no significant difference in the implementation of the privileges for Senior Citizens in Balayan.</p> |
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| <p>SENIOR CITIZEN ACT; REPUBLIC ACT 9994</p> | <p>MPA / TH 43/ 2015</p> | <p>Mendoza, Araceli U</p> | <p>Implementation of R.A. 9994 otherwise known Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010 in the Municipality of Malvar, Province of Batangas</p> | <p>The study proposed an enhancement in the implementation of Sec. 4 of RA 9994 otherwise known as the Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010. More specifically it described the profile of the respondents in terms of Sex, Civil Status, Educational Attainment, Employment Status; determined the level of awareness of the respondents of all the privileges under the Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010; identified other benefits provided to the Senior Citizen of Malvar Batangas which were not included in the law; assessed the implementation of the Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010, tested the difference in the implementation and problems encountered when grouped according to profile variables and proposed an action to enhance the implementation of RA 994 otherwise known as the Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010. Th study tested the hypotheses that there is no significant difference in the implementation and problems encountered when grouped according to profile variables. Findings revealed that majority of the respondents are male, married, elementary graduate and unemployed. Senior Citizen in the municipality of Malvar, Batangas can sometimes avail other benefits not included in Sec. 4 of RA 9994. Sec. 4 of RA 9994 otherwise known as Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010 is implemented in the Municipality of Malvar, Batangas. The respondents agreed that no problem was encountered in the implementation of Sec. 4 of RA 9994 in the Municipality of Malvar. No significant difference in the implementation and problems encountered when respondents were grouped according to profile variables. A proposed plan of action was recommended to enhance the implementation of Sec. 4 of RA 9994 in the Municipality of Malvar.</p> |
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| <p>SENIOR CITIZENS ACT OF 2010</p> | <p>MPA / TH 46/ 2015</p> | <p>Ramirez, Agnes S.</p> | <p>Implementation of the Privileges of Senior Citizens in the Municipality of Taysan, Batangas: Basis for the Plan of Action</p> | <p>The study aimed to enhance and strengthen the implementation of Sec. 4 of RA 9994 otherwise known as the Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010. More specifically, it determined the profile of the respondents in terms of sex, civil status, educational attainment and employment status; determined the level of awareness of the respondents of all the privileges under to the Senior Citizens of Taysan, Batangas, not included in the law; assessed the implementation of Section 4 of the Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010; tested the difference in the implementation and problems encountered when grouped according to profile variables; and proposed an action to enhance the implementation of RA 9994 otherwise known as the Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010. The study tested the hypothesis that there is no significant difference in the implementation and problems encountered when grouped according to profile variables. The study employed the descriptive method. Findings revealed that majority of the respondents were female, married, vocational graduate and unemployed. Senior Citizens in the municipality of Taysan, Batangas can sometimes avail other benefits not included in Sec. 4 of RA 9994 otherwise known as Expanded Senior Citizen Act of 2010 was less implemented in the Municipality of Taysan, Batangas. The respondents agree that the implementation of Sec 4 of RA in the Municipality of Taysan was not a problem. No significant difference in the implementation and problems encountered when respondents were grouped according to profile variables. A proposed plan of action was recommended to enhance the implementation of Sec. 4 of RA 9994.</p> |
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| TAX COLLECTIION | MPA / TH 31/ 2008 | Altura, Josephine R. | Tax Collection in the Municipalities of Ibaan and Rosario: Its Implications for Improved Fiscal Administration | <p>This study determined the various taxes being collected locally by the municipality of Ibaan and Rosario; the percentage of the total local collection to the total income of the municipality and the extent by which the various taxes were collected in Ibaan and Rosario. The research method used in this study was the descriptive method in order to gather information about present existing conditions. The primary data were collected from the municipal employees of the local government units of Ibaan and Rosario who were involved in fiscal administration. The data were gathered through a survey questionnaire and through some unstructured interview conducted with the key financial officers of the municipality. The tabulated data were treated using some statistical tools like: percentage; rank; weighted mean; and t-test. The objects of expenditures in the two municipalities. The status of the tax collection in the two municipalities with regards to: implementation of tax enhancement strategies; and problems encountered. Various local taxes were collected in the Municipalities of Ibaan and Rosario but the percentage of total collection to the total income of the municipalities was very inefficient. The two municipalities were heavily dependent on the Internal Revenue Allotment (IRA). Personal services constituted the bigger percentage among the objects of expenditures. Tax enhancement strategies being employed in Ibaan are very adequate, however the same strategies as they are utilized in Rosario are just adequate and may still be improved. The problems encountered in tax collection in tax collection by both municipalities are not that serious but nevertheless should be addressed to improve tax collection of the municipalities concerned.</p> |
| WASTE MANAGEMENT | MPA / TH 28/ 2005 | Masangcay, Ronie M. | Waste Management Practices Among Selected Coastal Barangay in Batangas City | <p>The researcher focused on the common wastes found in selected coastal barangays and determine the existing waste management practices being implemented as a response to challenge the waste generated among the coastal barangays in Batangas City. The study employed the descriptive method of research with the use of the questionnaire as the main instrument in gathering the data. It involved 150 respondents incidentally chosen from the five selected coastal barangays in Batangas City: Malitam, Ambulong, Sta. Clara, Tabangao and Wawa. The statistical tools utilized were percentage ranking and weighted mean. Waste management requires the application od various disciplines, techniques and management program; and espouses the coordinative and active participant of multi-sectoral stakeholders such as the local government units, the industries, commercial establishments and the communities in Batangas City in Batangas, the issue od waste has become a serious social problem. This paper therefore would like to contibute to determine the waste management practices among the five selected coastal areas of barangays in Batangas City.</p> |
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